

USB TYPE-C PD3.0、 QC3.0/2.0/MTK High Voltage Charger Protocol Controller

Feature

• USB TYPE-C

- ♦ Integrate TYPE-C DRP protocol
- ♦ Auto detect TYPE-C device plug in or plug out
- Auto detect the capability of the sink and the source
- USB Power Delivery (PD3.0)
 - ♦ Hardware BMC transmitter and receiver
 - ♦ Full feature physical layer
 - ♦ Hardware CRC protect the data integrity
 - ♦ Integrate PD3.0 protocol engine
 - ♦ Support E-MARK cable
 - ♦ Support VCONN swap
 - ♦ Hardware reset
- Integrate QC3.0/2.0 Quick charge protocol
 - ♦ QC3.0/2.0 High voltage output protocol
 - ♦ CLASS A and CLASS B
 - Including BC1.2/APPLE/SUMSAMG charging protocol
 - Provide feedback voltage to adjust the output voltage dynamically
- Support MTK PE+1.1 Fast charging technology

• Power Manage

- ♦ Build in VCONN power path switch
- ♦ External P-MOSFET switch control
- Build in ADC to monitor the current of the external MOSFET
- ♦ Build in power path manage.
- ♦ Power supply by VBUS or battery
- ♦ Support application with no battery supply
- ADC
 - ♦ Build 14bit ADC
 - ♦ Monitoring Voltage and current of VBUS
 - ♦ Monitoring Voltage of the battery
 - ♦ Monitoring Voltage of the VCONN
 - ♦ Support 3 general ADC input

Peripheral interface

- ♦ SPI、I2C、UART、PWM、GPIOs
- Low power consume
 - ♦ Standby current less than 100uA
- Package
 - \diamond 5 mm × 5 mm QFN32

Applications

- AC power Adapter for cellphone, notebook, tablet, VR box, UAV, robot
- ♦ Power-Bank
- ♦ Car charger

Description

IP2716 is a highly-integrated, flexible high voltage charging protocol controller. It supports the most popular high voltage charging protocol. Such as TYPE-C PD3.0, QC3.0, MTK PE+1.1, DCP, BC1.2 etc.

The SOC could be a powerful protocol controller used in AC adapter, power-bank, Car charger or other power charging solution.



1. Logic Block Diagram



GND

Figure 1 IP2716 Block Diagrams



2. Typical Application

Figure 2 illustrates a Notebook DRP application diagram using IP2716. The Type-C port can be used as a power provider or a power consumer.



Figure 2 Dual Role Port (DRP) Application Diagram



Figure 3 illustrates the application diagram of power adapter using IP2716.



Figure 3 Power Adapter Application Diagram



Figure 4 illustrates a power bank application diagram using IP2716. The Type-C receptacle is used for providing as well as consuming power. Additionally, a Type-A receptacle can also be provided for providing power to the sinks



Figure 4 Power Bank Application Diagram



3. PINS

Table 1 IP2716 Pin Description for 32-QFN Devices

Pin Map 32-QFN	Pin Name	Description						
1	SENSEP	connection point to the positive terminal of sense the VBUS current						
2	SENSEN	connection point to the positive terminal of sense the VBUS current						
3	CH_V	Used for voltage detection						
4	CH_G	VBUS Gate Driver Control for Consumer Switch						
5	DCH_G	VBUS Gate Driver Control for Producer Switch						
6	VCON5V	5V supply for VCONN FETS						
7	CC2	USB PD connector detect/Configuration Channel 2						
8	CC1	USB PD connector detect/Configuration Channel 1						
9	DM	USB DM						
10	GPIO18	General Purpose Input / Output 18						
11	GPIO17	General Purpose Input / Output 17						
12	DP	USB DP						
13	GPIO2	General Purpose Input / Output 2, ADC2, UART_RX						
14	FB	Feedback loop drive output						
15	GPIO8	General Purpose Input / Output 8, SPI_SS, UART_TX						
16	GPIO7	General Purpose Input / Output 7, SPI_MOSI						
17	GPIO9	General Purpose Input / Output 9, SPI_MISO						
18	GPIO10	General Purpose Input / Output 10, SPI_CLK						
19	TEST_1	Debug pin for programming the device and firmware update						
20	GPIO5	General Purpose Input / Output 5, I2C_SDA						
21	GPIO6	General Purpose Input / Output 6, I2C_SCL						
22	TEST_2	Debug pin for programming the device and firmware update						
23	GPIO4	General Purpose Input / Output 4, PWM6						
24	GPIO1	General Purpose Input / Output 1, ADC1, PWM5						
25	GPIO0	General Purpose Input / Output 0, ADC0						
26	GND	Ground						
27	GPIO15	General Purpose Input / Output 15						
28	GPIO16	General Purpose Input / Output 16						
29	VDD	VDD Supply Input / Output						



30	VCC	VCC Supply Input / Output			
31	VSYS	System Power Supply			
32	VBUS	Input or output up to 20 V			
33	EPAD (PGND)	Power Ground			



Figure 5 Pinouts of 32-QFN Package (Top View)





4. Specifications

4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	symbol	MIN	MAX	UNIT
	VBUS	-0.3	24	
	VCON5V	-0.3	6	02:1
	VSYS	-0.3	6	
	VCC	-0.3	5	
Input voltage range	CH_V	-0.3	24	< V
	FB	-0.3	5	
	SENSEN	-0.3	24	
	SENSEP	-0.3	24	
	VCC	-0.3	3.3	N/
Output voltage range	VDD	-0.3	2.2	v
	GPIOs	-0.3	VCC+0.3	
	TEST1, TEST2	-0.3	VCC+0.3	
I/O voltage range	CC1, CC2	-0.3	6	V
	DP, DM	-0.3	6	
Junction temperature	TJ	-40	125	C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-60	125	Ĉ
Thermal resistance (from junction to ambient air)	θ _{JA}		18	°C /W
ESD		40	000	V

*Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



4.2 Recommend operation conditions

Parameter	symbol	MIN	Typical	MAX	Unit
	VBUS	4.5		22	
	VCON5V	4.5		5.5	V
input voltage range	VSYS	2.9		7.4	v
	VCC	2.8		3.3	5
	GPIOs	GND-0.3V		VCC+0.3V	
I/O voltaga ranga	TEST1, TEST2	GND-0.3V		VCC+0.3V	
VO voltage range	CC1, CC2	GND-0.3V		5.5	V
	DP, DM	GND-0.3V	C ?	5.5	

*Beyond these operation conditions, the device's performance will not be guaranteed

4.3 Electrical Characteristics

DC Specifications

4.3 Electrical Characteristics										
DC Specifica	ations									
Parameter	Description	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Details/Test condition				
VSYS		0		7.4	V	UFP Mode				
VSYS		2.8	\mathbf{Y}	7.4	V	DFP/DRP Mode				
VCON5V	Power Supply Input Voltage	4.5		5.5	V					
VCC			3.1		V					
VDD			1.8		V					
VBUS		4.5		22	V					

GPIO Specifications

Parameter	Description	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Details/Test condition
VIH	Input voltage HIGH level	0.7x			V	
VITT	Input voltage mornever	VCC			v	
	Input voltage I OW level			0.3x	V	
VIL	Input voltage LOW level		VCC	v		
VOH	Output voltage HIGH		VCC		V	
VOIT	level		100		v	
VOI	Output voltage HIGH				V	
VOL	level		GND		v	
Rpu	Pull–up resistor value		10		k	Pull-up resistor Enabled

TYPE-C DC Specifications



Parameter	Description	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Details/Test condition
Pp dofault	DFPCC termination for		80			
Rp_delault	default USB Power		80		μΑ	
Dn 151	DFP CC termination for		190		μA	
кр_1.5А	1.5A power		100			
	DFP CC termination for					
Rp_3.0A	1.5A power		330		μΑ	
	DFP CC termination for		F 1		۲O	0.2.1
ĸu	1.5A power		5.1		κΩ	

I2C Specifications

Parameter	Description	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Details/Test condition
F _{I2C}	Bit rate			400	KHz	

SPI Specifications

Parameter	Description	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Details/Test condition
F _{SPI}	SPI Operating frequency			2	MHz	

UART Specifications

Parameter	Description	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Details/Test condition
F _{UART}	Bit rate	$\langle \rho \rangle$	\sim	384	KHz	

PWM Specifications

Parameter	Description	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Details/Test condition
F _{PWM}	PWM Operating frequency			100	KHz	

ADC Specifications

Parameter	Description	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Details/Test condition
Resolution	ADC resolution		14		Bits	
ADC _{VBUSV}	VBUS Voltage ADC range	0		24	V	
ADC _{VBUSI}	VBUS Current ADC range	-6.28		6.28	А	10mOhm
ADC _{VSYS}	VSYS Voltage ADC range	0		7.4	V	
ADC _{VCON5V}	VCON5V Voltage ADC range	0		7.4	V	
ADC _{0~2}	ADC _{0~2} range	0		3.7	V	

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5. Function Description

5.1 Overview

USB-PD Controller

Mode Configuration for Source (Host), Sink (Device), or Source-Sink Bi-Phase Marked Encoding/Decoding (BMC) Physical Layer (PHY) Protocol Policy Engine

USB TYPE-C Controller

Detect USB Cable Plug Attach Cable Orientation and Role Detection Assign CC and VCONN Pins Advertise Default, 1.5A or 3A for TYPE-C Power

Power Switch

Gate Control and Current Sense for External 5-V to 20-V, 5A Bi-directional Switch

5-V, 600mA Switches for VCONN

Over-Current Limiter, Overvoltage Protector

Slew Rate Control

Hard Reset Support

Support Mainstream Fast Charge Mode

QC3.0, DCP, BC1.2, Pump Express Plus

Peripherals

I2C, SPI, UART, PWM

5.2 Power Delivery Over The USB Type-C Connector Using IP2716

Power delivery over the USB Type-C connector takes advantage of the existing USB methods as defined by: the USB 2.0 and USB 3.1 specifications, the USB BC 1.2 Specification and the USB Power Delivery specification. The USB Type-C Current mechanism allows the DFP to offer more current than defined by the USB BC 1.2 Specification. Additionally, IP2716 integrate QC3.0/2.0 Quick charge output Protocol, include BC1.2/APPLE/SUMSAMG charging protocol, Support MTK PE+ Fast charging technology.



5.3 USB Power Delivery Controller

The USB Power Delivery (PD) controller provides the physical layer (PHY) functionality of the USB-PD protocol. It is comprised of the following:

- Mode Configuration for Source (Host), Sink (Device), or Source-Sink
- Physical Layer (PHY) Protocol
- Policy Engine

Physical Layer (PHY) Functions

The USB PD Physical Layer consists of a pair of transmitters and receivers that communicate across a single signal wire (CC). All communication is half duplex. The PHY Layer practices collision avoidance to minimize communication errors on the channel.

The transmitter performs the following functions:

- Receive packet data from the protocol layer
- Calculate and append a CRC
- Encode the packet data including the CRC (i.e. the payload)

- Transmit the Packet (Preamble, SOP*, payload, CRC and EOP) across the channel using Bi-Phase Mark Coding (BMC) over CC

The receiver performs the following functions:

- Recover the clock and lock onto the Packet from the Preamble
- Detect the SOP*
- Decode the received data including the CRC
- Detect the EOP and validate the CRC
 - If the CRC is valid, deliver the packet data to the protocol layer.
 - If the CRC is not valid, flush the received data.

Policy Engine

Policy Engine interacts with the Device Policy Manager in order to implement the present Local Policy.

5.4 Detecting a Valid DFP-to-UFP Connection

For the USB TYPE-C solution, two pins on the connector, CC1 and CC2, are used to establish and manage the DFP-to-UFP connection. Functionally, the configuration channel is used to serve the following purposes.

- DFP-to-UFP attach/detach detection
- Plug orientation/cable twist detection
- Initial DFP-to-UFP (host-to-device) and power relationships detection
- USB Type-C VBUS current detection and usage
- USB PD communication
- Configure VCONN
- Discover and configure optional Alternate and Accessory modes

The general concept for setting up a valid connection between a DFP and UFP is based on being able to detect terminations residing in the product being attached.



To aid in defining the functional behavior of CC, a pull-up (Rp) and pull-down (Rd) termination model is used – actual implementation in hosts and devices may vary, for example, the pull-up termination could be replaced by a current source. (see **Figure 6**)



Figure 6 Current Source/Pull-Down CC Model

Figure 7 shows the IP2716 plug and orientation detection block at each CC pin.



Figure 7 Plug and Orientation Detection Block

Configure as a DFP

When configured as a DFP, the IP2716 detects when a cable or a UFP is attached using the both CC pins. When in a disconnected state, the IP2716 monitors the voltages on these pins to determine what is connected.

Configure as a UFP

When the IP2716 is configured as a UFP, the IP2716 presents a pull-down resistance Rd on both CC pins. When the UFP senses VBUS, the UFP monitors both CC pins for a voltage greater than its local ground. The CC pin that is at a



higher voltage (i.e. pulled up by Rp in the DFP) indicates the orientation of the plug. **Table 2** summarizes the port state from the DFP's perspective.

CC1	CC2	STATE	Source Behavior	Sink Behavior	
Open	Open	Nothing attached	 Sense CC pins for attach Do not apply VBUS or VCONN 	- Sense VBUS for attach	
Rd	Open	Sink attached	- Sense CC for orientation	- Sense CC pins for orientation	
Open	Rd	Sink attached	- Apply VBUS and VCONN	- Sense loss of VBUS for detach	
Open	Ra	Powered cable	- Sense CC pins for attach	- Sense VBUS for attach	
Ra	Open	without Sink attached	- Do not apply VBUS or VCONN		
Rd	Ra	Powered cable with Sink or	- Sense CC for orientation	 If accessories are supported, see Source Behavior with 	
Ra	Rd	VCONN-powered Accessory attached	Accessory attached	exception that VBUS is not applied., otherwise, N/A.	
Rd	Rd	Debug Accessory Mode attached (Appendix B)	- Sense CC pins for detach - Reconfigure for debug	 If accessories are supported, see Source Behavior, otherwise, N/A 	
Ra	Ra	Audio Adapter Accessory Mode attached (Appendix A)	- Sense CC pins for detach - Reconfigure for analog audio	 If accessories are supported, see Source Behavior, otherwise, N/A 	

Table 2 Cable Detect States for a DFP

Dead Battery Detection support

A system that supports Dead Battery Detection shall apply Rd to both CC pins. When the system with a dead battery has sufficient charge, it may use the USB PD DR_Swap message to become the DFP.

5.5 USB Type-C Current

The USB Type-C connector uses CC pins for configuration including an ability for a Source to advertise to its port partner (Sink) the amount of current it can apply:

- Default values defined by the USB Specification (500 mA for USB 2.0 ports, 900 mA for USB 3.1 ports)
- 1.5A
- 3.0A

A Sink that takes advantage of the additional current offered shall monitor the CC pins and shall adjust its current consumption to remain within the value advertised by the Source. While a USB PD contract is in place, a Sink is not required to monitor USB Type-C current advertisements and shall not respond to USB Type-C current advertisements.

The Source adjusts current source (or Rp) to advertise which of the three current levels it supports. (see Table 3)



Table 3 Source CC Termination (Rp) Requirements

Source Advertisement	Current Source to 1.7 – 5.5 V	Resistor pull-up to 4.75 – 5.5 V	Resistor pull-up to 3.3 V ± 5%
Default USB Power	80 μA ± 20%	56 kΩ ± 20% (Note 1)	36 kΩ ± 20%
1.5 A @ 5 V	180 µA ± 8%	22 kΩ ± 5%	12 kΩ ± 5%
3.0 A @ 5 V	330 μA ± 8%	10 kΩ ± 5%	$4.7 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 5\%$

Table 4, Table 5 and **Table 6** provide the CC voltage values that a Source shall use to detect what is attached baseon what is attached based on the USB Type-C Current advertisement that the Source is offering.

Table 4 CC Voltages on Source Side – Default USB

	Minimum Voltage	Maximum Voltage	Threshold		
Powered cable/adapter (vRa)	0.00 V	0.15 V	0.20 V		
Sink (vRd)	0.25 V	1.50 V	1.60 V		
No connect (vOPEN)	1.65 V				

Table 5 CC Voltages on Source Side – 1.5 A @ 5 V

	Minimum Voltage	Maximum Voltage	Threshold
Powered cable/adapter (vRa)	0.00 V	0.35 V	0.40 V
Sink (vRd)	0.45 V	1.50 V	1.60 V
No connect (vOPEN)	1.65 V		

Table 6 CC Voltages on Source Side – 3.0 A @ 5 V

	Minimum Voltage	Maximum Voltage	Threshold	
Powered cable/adapter (vRa)	0.00 V	0.75 V	0.80 V	
Sink (vRd)	0.85 V	2.45 V	2.60 V	
No connect (vOPEN)	2.75 V			

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The voltage (Rd) on CC is used by the Sink to determine the maximum current it may draw. **Table 7** provides the CC voltage threshold on Sink side.

Detection	Min voltage	Max voltage	Threshold	
vRa	-0.25 V	0.15 V	0.2 V	
vRd-Connect	0.25 V 2.04 V		.0	
vRd-USB	0.25 V	0.61 V	0.66 V	
vRd-1.5	0.70 V	1.16 V	1.23 V	
vRd-3.0	1.31 V	2.04 V		

Table 7 Voltage on Sink CC pins (Multiple Source Current Advertisements)

5.6 Support Mainstream Fast Charge Mode

Quick Charge Interface

The IP2716 can automatically detects Quick Charge 2.0/3.0 capable devices with handshake by USB D+/D- data line. It's also complaint with BC1.2 / APPLE 2.4A mode / Samsung Mode.

- Apple Device: Applying 2.7V on D+ line and 2.7V on D- line.
- Samsung Smart-Phone: Applying 1.2V on D+ line and 1.2V on D- line.
- BC1.2: Shorting D+ Line to D- Line.
- Quick Charge 2.0/3.0: D+ and D- line configuration see Table 8.

	-			
DP	DM	Result(Class A)	Result(Class B)	
0.6 V	GND	5 V	5 V	
3.3 V	0.6 V	9 V	9 V	
0.6 V	0.6 V	12 V	12 V	
0.6 V	3.3 V	Continue Mode	Continue Mode	
3.3 V	3.3 V	Кеер	20V	

Table 8 QC2.0/3.0 DP/DM configuration

Pump Express Plus Protocol

The IP2716 is compatible with Pump Express Plus fast charge protocol 1.1. The Pump Express Plus Fast Charge protocol enables communication between devices.

5.7 Peripherals

IP2716 integrate Run-time reconfigurable serial communication block with reconfigurable I2C, SPI, UART and PWM functionality.



6. Package information



	Symbol	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimension	s In Inches
	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
	A	0.700	0.800	0.028	0.031
	A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002
	A3	0.203REF.		0.008REF.	
2	D	4.924	5.076	0.194	0.200
- 60	E	4.924	5.076	0.194	0.200
	D1	3.300	3.500	0.130	0.138
	E1	3.300	3.500	0.130	0.138
	k	0.200MIN.		0.008MIN.	
	b	0.200	0.300	0.008	0.012
	е	0.500TYP.		0.020TYP.	
	L	0.324	0.476	0.013	0.019



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